

p f IX 4

Previous References

2152-27183211

mc 63-2813 43281

Other References

mc 63-28181132134

mc 149-29 225, 1, 11 +15

" 152-27 (14 +15)

mc 27-34 - (73 +72)

mc 63 36 Sl 7-91

Sl 70 38 - 54 +90

1928

(mc)

File No 65 :

Serial Nos 1-2

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Serial Nos

Part B for Jan 29

SUBJECT

Bye laws framed by the Municipal Council, Mysore, for regulating, licensing, and inspecting the conduct of hawkers Street meet shops etc, in the City

2 To, The President, Municipal Council, Mysore No L 46021 d 21 29

Sanctions the Bye laws in the matter referred to above

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App F III-2]

General and Revenue
Secretariat

File No 65 of 192 8

Serial
No

Letter No G T 462 dated 4th September 1928 from the President Municipal Council, Mysore forwarding for sanction the draft bye-laws framed under Section 48 (1) (b) (ii) ^{and} (iv) of the Municipal Regulation

The bye-laws purport to have been framed under Section 48 (1) (b) (ii) and (iv) and are intended for regulating, licensing and inspecting the conduct of bakeries sweetmeat shops hotels restaurants tea and coffee houses ice and aerated water manufacturing places, private meat stalls

2 Bye-law No 1 states that all bakeries etc shall be subject to license by the President of the City Municipality It is not clear what purpose is served by this bye-law

3 Bye-law No 2 requires ^{that} all persons using or wishing to use any premises for the purposes above specified, shall apply to the President for a license This is not sufficient, The object is that ^{no} any person ^{shall} ~~should not~~ use the place for the said purposes without obtaining a license Mere application for a license without actually obtaining a license will not meet the requirements of the case

4 Bye-laws Nos 1 and 2 may therefore be combined so as to make it incumbent, on every person using any premises for any of the ^aforesaid purposes, to obtain a license or not to use the place for any such purpose without a license from the President

5 Among the conditions attached to licenses under each group there is a clause stating that any

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conviction with a fine The attachment of such a condition among the conditions subject to which a license is issued is not legal and may perhaps be deleted A general bye-law prescribing that the license shall ^{be} liable to ^{be} withdrawn for breach of any of the conditions subject to which the license was granted may perhaps fully meet the requirement of the case Such a bye-law has been already inserted at the end of the draft now submitted for approval

6 The rest of the bye-laws are the repetition of the old bye-laws which had been framed -- under the old Municipal Regulation in the Mysore City

7 Another point which requires consideration in this connection is whether ^{the} bye-law ~~can~~ prescribing licenses for the use of any premises for a hotel could be framed In Section 139 of the Municipal Regulation power is given to the Municipal Council to direct that no place shall be used as a shop for the sale of meat or fish intended for human food without a license and that this provision shall not apply to the use of any hotel or eating house for the sale of food served for -- consumption on the premises In the bye-laws now submitted for approval, hotel has been defined so as to include any eating house or place where ~~must~~ ^{be} eat are prepared and sold To some extent the bye-laws appear to conflict with section 139 (4) of the Municipal Regulation. The Legal Remembrancer may

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may perhaps be consulted as to the validity of the
bye-laws in this respect

8 Another point which requires consideration
is whether the license fee of Rs 50/- for hotels is
not excessive and whether the conditions under --
which the President or Health Officer or other --
Municipal servants deputed by him may enter the hotel
at all hours while the place is open and inspect the
place utensils articles of food or drink and furni-
ture are not likely to interfere, some times, with
religious feelings of certain sections of Public.

9) The file containing the opinion
of the Legal Remembrancer in
connection with the bye-laws proposed
by the Bangalore city m. c. is
placed below

Ch
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14/10/26

17/10/26

SECRETARY
OCT 1928

10) I think the bye laws are in
order and ~~should~~ fall within the
purview of section 48 They may
be approved

Second Member

Mrs. Lawley

17/10

my opinion is placed
below

12/11/26

4

O P I N I O N

1) The Mysore City Municipality have submitted for sanction of Government certain draft bye-laws framed under Section 48(1) (b) 11 & IV of the Municipal Regulation for regulating licensing and inspecting the conduct of bakeries sweet meat shops, hotels, restaurants, tea and coffee houses, ice and aerated water ~~manufacturing~~ manufacturing places and private meat stalls

2) Section 48(1)(b) gives power to the Municipal Councils to frame bye-laws "prescribing the conditions on or subject to which, and the circumstances in which and the areas or localities in respect of which, licenses may be granted, refused, suspended or withdrawn for the use of any place not belonging to the Municipal Council" for the purposes mentioned in sub clauses (1) and (vii) Sub clause 11 deals with the use of any place as a market or shop for the sale of animals intended for human food or of meat or of fish or as a market for the sale of fruit or vegetables. The bye-laws relating to meatstalls are covered by this sub clause. The bye-laws as regards hotels restaurants, tea and coffee houses ice and aerated water manufacturing places are covered by sub clause (iv) of section 48(1) (b)

3) I do not think that section 139(5) of the Municipal Regulation in any way conflicts with the draft bye-laws. ~~Sub~~ Clause (1) of Section 139 empowers the Municipality to direct that no place shall be used as a market for the sale of animals, meat &c, intended for food except-

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excepting the public markets or such other markets licensed by the Municipality Clause (2) enacts that in any Municipality in which bye-laws under Section 48(1) (b) (ii) are in force licensing shops for the sale of meat &c then no person shall use without a license any place as such shop except in a Municipal or licensed market Clauses (3) and (4) deal with punishment for infringement of clauses (1) and (2) Then clause 5 exempts from the operation of this section hotels or eating houses where food is sold for consumption on the premises From this it cannot be inferred that the legislature meant that a Municipality should have power to license such hotels &c Such a reading would conflict with Section 48 sub section (1) clause (b) sub clauses (iv) Section 39 is primarily concerned with licensing of markets, slaughter houses or shops for the sale of animals meat &c Clause (5) of this section only emphasises the fact that hotels or eating houses do not come under the category of markets or shops as are mentioned in the section

(4) I am therefore of opinion that the bye-laws are in order and may be approved I may also state that these bye-laws do not suffer from the irregularities noticed by me in those framed by the Bangalore City Municipality for similar purposes

S. S. S. S.
Legal Remembrancer

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GEN & REV SECY
8 JAN 1929

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General and Revenue
Secretariat

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Drafts submitted

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GEN & REV SECY
10 JAN 1929
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NOTE—Contn Sheet

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OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL MYSORE

Dated 4th September 1928

FROM T G RAMA IYER ESQ B A
~~XXXXX KUPPUSWAMI MENGAR, ESQ~~

President City Municipal Council

MYSORE

ml 65-28-1

TO SECRETARY
258
16 SEP 1928

The Chief Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

BANGALORE

SIR

I have the honour to enclose herein a copy of printed notice dated 14th June 1928 re draft bye-laws framed under Section 48(1)(b)11 and IV of the Mysore Municipal Regulation for regulating, licensing and inspecting the conduct of Bakeries sweet meat shops hotels restaurants tea and coffee houses ice and aerated water manufacturing places and private meat stalls

The Bye-laws were published in the Mysore Gazette of the 5th 12th and 19th July 1928 pages 609 to 612 621 to 624 and 640-643 Part IIA and objections or suggestions in respect of them were invited but none was received

The Municipal Council in their Resolution No 81 dated 25th August 1928 (copy enclosed) having resolved that the Bye-laws be submitted to Government for sanction I request that sanction of Government may kindly be accorded thereto

I have the honour to be

Sir

Your most obedient servant

Madanabha
P R E S I D E N T

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GVN

proceedings of the 2nd (Ordinary) session of the City Municipal Council, Mysore, held in the Council Chamber on Saturday the 20th August 1928 at 8 A.M.

Present

Mr. S. S. Iyer, M.A., President

1. Mr. S. S. Iyer, M.A., Vice-President
2. Mr. K. S. Krishna Rao, M.A.
3. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.A., B.L.
4. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
5. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
6. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
7. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
8. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
9. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
10. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
11. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
12. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
13. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
14. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
15. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
16. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
17. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
18. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
19. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
20. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.

Present

1. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
2. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
3. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
4. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
5. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
6. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
7. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
8. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.
9. Mr. S. S. Srinivasiah, M.A., B.L.

X X X

81 Draft Bye-laws for regulating the grant of licenses to Hotels Sweet meat shops Coffee Clubs Bakeries Aerated water factories private meat stalls etc in the Mysore City

Resolution- may be passed and submitted to Government for sanction

X X X

Sd/-T. G. Rama Iyer,

President

"copy"

T. G. Rama Iyer
President

GRS VI G 34]

SUBJECT

Diary No of letter replied to

General and Revenue Secretariat

the

192

Date of issue

Signed by

May this be

- i Printed ?
- ii treated as a standing order ?
- iii published in the Gazette
English Part ?
- iv translated ?
- v placed at the disposal of the press ?
- vi published in the Gazette
Kannada Part ?

Section

File No

Serial No

Proceedings of the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

Read—

Letter no GT 462 of 4.5.1928 from the President, Mul Council Mysore forward for sanction the draft bye-laws framed by the Mul C. under Sec 48(1)(b) 114 IV of the Mysore Mul Regn for regulating licensing and inspecting the conduct of hawkers, hawkers, sweetmeat shops, hotels, restaurants, tea and coffee houses, ice and aerated water manufacturing places and Order Thereon No 4602 of 1.12.28 reporting that the bye-laws were published calling for objections and none was received

The bye-laws are
Sanctioned

Chief Secy to Govt

List of enclosures

Copied by

Examined by

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY

Notice dated 12th January 1929

The bye laws framed under section 48 (1) b ii and iv of the Mysore Municipal Regulation for regulating licensing and inspecting the conduct of bakeries sweetmeat shops hotels restaurants tea and coffee houses ice and aerated water manufacturing places and private meat stalls and sanctioned in Government Order No L 4602—Ml 65 28 2 dated 5—7th January 1929 are hereby published for general information These bye laws will come into force from 1st February 1929

Bye laws for regulating licensing and inspecting the conduct of bakeries sweetmeat shop hotel restaurants tea and coffee houses ice and aerated water manufacturing places and private meat stalls

Definitions

Bakery or sweetmeat shop—means and includes any building or part of a building where bread biscuits cakes confectionery and sweets are manufactured or kept for sale

Hotel—means and includes any eating house or place where cooked rice mutton beef poultry vegetables dhall and confectionery or refreshments including chapatties rice cakes tea coffee etc are prepared and sold for boarders travellers or other persons

Restaurant—means and includes any building or part of a building where coffee tea cocoa and other drinks are prepared and articles of food are kept for sale

Aerated Water Factory—means and includes any building or part of a building where aerated waters sherbatts etc are manufactured and kept for sale

Meat stalls—means and includes any private building or part of such building where meat or flesh is kept for sale

Bye laws under section 48 (1) (b) ii & iv

I All bakeries sweetmeat shops hotels restaurants (other than a students hostel under public or recognized control) tea and coffee houses ice and aerated water manufacturing places and private meat stalls within the City shall be subject to license by the President of the City Municipality

II Any persons using or wishing to use any premises for any of the above purposes shall apply to the President for a license The President may in his discretion on the advice of the Health Officer grant suspend or refuse such license for infringement of any of the conditions attached to the license or

whenever on grounds of public health or safety he considers such action necessary

III Application must be made to the President within fifteen days of the commencement of each official year for the renewal of all licenses granted under this bye law and in the case of a place to be newly opened a fortnight before such place is proposed to be opened

IV The following fees shall be charged for licenses granted under this bye law —

		Rs per annum
1	Hotels restaurants coffee and tea houses first class	50
2	Do do Second	25
3	Bakeries and sweetmeat shops first class	15
4	Do second	10
5	Private meat stalls	6
6	Ice manufacture	15
7	Aerated water manufacture	10

(a) Provided that if the applicant satisfies the President that it is opened for a special occasion or for a period not exceeding one fortnight the President shall have power to exempt the applicant wholly or partially from the payment of the fee

(b) Provided also that no refund shall be made of the amount already paid on account of such license except under the President's orders recorded in writing

V Whoever without obtaining a license as required by this bye law uses any place for the purposes mentioned in clause I shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs 50 and to a further fine which may extend to Rs 5 for every day after such conviction during which he continues to use such place for such purposes

VI If the holder of any license under this bye law employs any person or persons to be in charge of the place for which such license is granted such person or persons shall be equally liable with the licensee for the observance of all conditions attached to such licenses

VII The following conditions shall be attached to all licenses granted under this bye law —

I General

I All premises used as bakeries sweetmeat shops hotels restaurants tea and coffee houses ice and aerated water manufacturing places shall satisfy the following conditions —

(a) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose and every room shall be not less than 8 x 8 x 8 feet

(b) The premises shall have a water connection if the President or Health Officer thinks that the business is carried on on a large scale The receptacles for the storage of water shall

placed in on a clean place above the ground level and provided with a tap for the water to be drawn off

(c) The walls of every such premises shall be rendered pervious by cement plastering or otherwise to the extent of 4 feet from the ground level and the rest plastered with lime and whitewashed half yearly or as often as required by the President the whole floor shall be either cemented or paved with Cudapah slabs with cement pointing and sufficient drainage provided

II No person shall in connection with a hotel etc use kitchen dining room refreshment room or bed room a place charged with offensive smell arising from a privy urinal pool sewer or any other insanitary source and he shall locate kitchen at such a distance from the room where customers served or lodged that such room shall be entirely free from like or any unpleasant and oppressive smells

III Every licensee shall keep the premises very clean and shall thoroughly wash or cause to be washed every utensil and other furniture at least twice daily

IV He shall allow only servants that are dressed in clean clothes to attend on the customers

V He shall at all hours while such place is open allow the President or the Health Officer or other Municipal servant appointed by him to enter his premises and inspect the place and all articles of food or drink and furniture and shall comply with the directions that the President or Health Officer may give in writing for securing cleanliness light and air

VI He shall provide stock or offer for sale only such articles of food and drink as are fresh good wholesome and fit for human consumption

VII The President or the Health Officer shall remove or cause to be removed from such place articles of food or drink which are unsound unwholesome or unfit for human consumption and if necessary prosecute the licensee for breaking the bye laws

VIII No person shall with unwashed or unclean hands touch any articles of food or drink placed for sale

IX Any person breaking the above bye laws shall be punished on conviction with a fine not exceeding Rs 50 and the breach of the above rules or bye laws will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license

II SPECIAL

(a) *Manufacture of bread and sweetmeats*

(1) The flour sugar ghee water and other materials used in the manufacture of bread and sweetmeats shall be good and wholesome There shall be a separate store room or receptacle for flour and sugar and no flour or sugar shall be left lying on the floor or against any wall in any parts of a bakery or a sweetmeats shop

(2) No person suffering from a contagious or any infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on a person suffering from such disease or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in a bakery or a sweet meat shop and all kneaders engaged in kneading shall wear white clean linen or cotton aprons to cover entirely the front part of the body from neck to knee.

(3) No person shall soil the kneading table in any way.

(4) No person shall transport for sale bread or sweetmeat from any one place to any other place except in a closed vehicle or in a closed basket tin or other receptacle every such vehicle basket tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and no person shall commit any act which may tend to render any bread or sweetmeat which is being transported dirty or unwholesome.

(5) All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread sweets etc shall be clean and stored in a clean rack.

(6) Bread sweets etc shall be stored and kept for sale in glass show cases with glass lids to prevent contamination from flies dust and bad odours.

(7) It shall be lawful for the Health Officer to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of bread sweets etc at any time when such place is open and to inspect or take a sample of any kind of bread sweets or any other articles of food manufactured or kept for sale. Such samples shall be examined by the Health Officer and if a certificate from him indicates that such sample is unfit for human consumption it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

(8) Any infringement of any of the above bye laws shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs 50 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs 500.

(b) Hotels Restaurants Tea and Coffee Houses

(1) Kitchen and bath rooms shall have proper ventilation and be provided with suitable smoke vents so that smoke may not pervade into the dwelling rooms. All rooms in eating houses shall be well lighted and ventilated.

(2) The Proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other place but the dining hall.

(3) All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in the cooking or for keeping food stuffs shall have a continual lining of tin and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food pastry sweet meats confectionery or preserved dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies dust and bad odours and they shall be kept only in glass case. All

cups and saucers used for serving shall be sterilised in boiling water after each service

(4) No food stuff of any sort which is stale unwholesome or offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises

(5) All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil covered with ashes or earth and removed daily

(6) No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in an eating house

(7) All premises and all cooked and uncooked food stuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President the Health Officer or the Sanitary Inspector or other officer authorised on their behalf

(8) All cases of dangerous or infectious diseases (such as cholera plague and eruptive fevers such as small pox chicken pox measles and fever of more than seven days duration) occurring in any Hotel Restaurant and Tea and Coffee Houses shall be notified to the President forthwith

(9) If a case of small pox cholera plague influenza or relapsing fever occurs in or near the hotel or eating house the proprietor shall close the same as long as the President deems it necessary

(10) Any infringement of any of the above bye law shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs 50 and a further fine not exceeding Rs 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs 500

(c) Manufacture of Ice

(1) There shall be water connection from the public water supply to the factory premises

(2) The water used for manufacturing ice shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessels not approved of by the President or Health Officer

(3) Ice factory premises shall be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness and thoroughly drained of all waste water

(4) It shall be lawful for the Health Officer or any Municipal Sanitary Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of ice at any time when such place is open and to inspect or take a sample of ice which is there manufactured or kept for sale. Such sample shall be examined by the Health Officer and if a certificate from him states that such sample is

unfit for human consumption it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved

(5) Any infringement of any of the above bye laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs 500

(d) Manufacture of Aerated Waters

(1) There shall be water connection from the Public Water Supply to the factory premises

(2) The water should be filtered and the filtering vessels and material shall be sterilized at such times and in such manner as the President or Health Officer may direct

(3) All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and be treated before use with permanentate of potassium in such manner as the President may direct

(4) The room in which aerated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair the walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be lime washed at least once in three months the floor shall be flagged tiled or cemented so as to be impervious to water and shall be properly drained

(5) The water used for the manufacture of aerated waters shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessels not approved by the President or Health Officer

(6) The premises and all the appliances used in the manufacture shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President the Health Officer the Sanitary Inspector or any other Municipal Officer authorised by the President

(7) No aerated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper label and mouth piece on each bottle giving full name and address of the manufacturer

It shall be lawful for the Health Officer or any Municipal Sanitary Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of aerated waters at any time when such place is open and to inspect or take a sample of bottles of any kind of aerated waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale Such samples shall be examined by the Health Officer and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved

(8) Any infringement of any of the bye laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs 500

(E) MEAT STALLS

Special Rules

(1) The licensee shall not sell or offer for sale the flesh of any animal that has not been examined and passed in writing by the Veterinary Inspector and slaughtered at a public slaughter house

(2) The licensee shall not sell or offer for sale flesh that is stale decomposed or unfit for human consumption or flesh that by blowing or other artificial means is made to appear to be in condition differing from what it really is

(3) He shall keep for use in the shop proper scales and correct stamped weights

(4) He shall not use any place for the sale of flesh if it is situated in or adjoining to any place of worship school or such other places as the President may determine

(5) The floor should be made impervious either by cement concrete flooring or paving with Cuddapah slabs with cement pointing. It should be so levelled as to drain off all the water into any drain

(6) The premises should have a cement concrete drain and the drain should have a connection into the sewer line

(7) He should cause the whole of the walls to be cleaned and white washed at least once every three months and all wood and non furniture thoroughly scraped and repainted at intervals prescribed by the Health Officer

(8) The premises should not be made use of for dwelling or other purposes

(9) He should take necessary precautions to protect the flesh from contamination from dust and flies

(10) The stalls and the meat therein shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President the Health Officer the Sanitary Inspector or any other Municipal Officer authorised by the President

Any breach of the above conditions by the licensee or by his servants shall render the license to be withdrawn or suspended and shall also make the licensee liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs 25 and to a further fine of Rs 5 for every day during which the offence continues

Penal clause for the breach of any rule under General and Special Rules framed under section 48 (1) (b) II and IV

Any breach of any rule under General and Special Rules framed under section 48 (1) (b) II and IV will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license and in case of continuance of the business after this the prosecution of the offender under Rule 5 of the bye laws framed under section 48 (1) (b) II and IV

T G RAMA IYER

President City Municipal Council Mysore

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Proceedings of the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore

R e a d:-

Letter No G T 462 dated the 4th September 1928 from the President, Municipal Council, Mysore, forwarding for sanction the draft bye-laws framed by the Municipal Council under Section 48 (1) (b) II and IV of the Mysore Municipal Regulation for regulating licensing and inspecting the conduct of bakeries, sweet meat shops, hotels, restaurants, tea and Coffee houses, ice and aerated water manufacturing places and private meat stalls and reporting that the bye-laws were published calling for objections and none was received

ORDER NO L *4662* / *me 65-28-2*

Dated, Bangalore, the 5th January 1929

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The bye-laws are sanctioned

M. Somaswamy

For Chief Secretary to Government

C

To

The President, City Municipal Council, *Mysore*
~~Bangalore~~

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